Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Extruded rod/bar, tube and profiles —

Part 8: Porthole tubes, tolerances on dimensions and form

ICS 77.150.10





National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 755-8:2008. It supersedes BS EN 755-8:1998 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee NFE/35, Light metals and their alloys.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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Foreword

This document (EN 755-8:2008) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 132 "Aluminium and aluminium alloys", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2008.

This document supersedes EN 755-8:1998.

Within its programme of work, Technical committee CEN/TC 132 entrusted CEN/TC 132/WG 5 "Extruded and drawn products" to revise EN 755-8:1998.

The following technical modifications have been introduced during the revision:

- Clause 1: Scope is clarified with respect to what is not included
 Alloys EN AW-5049, EN AW-6008, EN AW-6110A, EN AW-6014, EN AW-6360, EN AW-6262A, EN AW-6065, EN AW-6182, EN AW-7108, EN AW-7108A are added
- Subclause 2.4 and Table 3: Requirements to wall thickness variation (eccentricity) is introduced
- Annex A: Informative Annex A is added explaining wall thickness variation (eccentricity)

EN 755 comprises the following parts under the general title "Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Extruded rod/bar, tube and profiles":

- Part 1: Technical conditions for inspection and delivery
- Part 2: Mechanical properties
- Part 3: Round bars, tolerances on dimensions and form
- Part 4: Square bars, tolerances on dimensions and form
- Part 5: Rectangular bars, tolerances on dimensions and form
- Part 6: Hexagonal bars, tolerances on dimensions and form
- Part 7: Seamless tubes, tolerances on dimensions and form
- Part 8: Porthole tubes, tolerances on dimensions and form
- Part 9: Profiles, tolerances on dimensions and form

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1 Scope

This document specifies the tolerances on dimensions and form for aluminium and aluminium alloy extruded porthole tubes with an outside diameter (OD) from 8 mm to 450 mm (round tube, see Figure 1) or with a cross section contained within a circumscribing circle (CD) from 10 mm to 350 mm (other than round tube, see Figure 2), supplied in straight lengths.

This standard only applies to extruded porthole tube for general engineering applications made in the following alloys:

- EN AW-1050A, EN AW-1200, EN AW-1350;
- EN AW-3003, EN AW-3103;
- EN AW-5005, EN AW-5005A, EN AW-5049, EN AW-5051A, EN AW-5251, EN AW-5052;
- EN AW-6101A, EN AW-6101B, EN AW-6005, EN AW-6005A, EN AW-6008, EN AW-6110A, EN AW-6012, EN AW-6014, EN AW-6018, EN AW-6351, EN AW-6060, EN AW-6360, EN AW-6061, EN AW-6261.
 - EN AW-6262, EN AW-6262A, EN AW-6063, EN AW-6063A, EN AW-6463, EN AW-6065, EN AW-6081, EN AW-6082; EN AW-6182,
- EN AW-7003, EN AW-7005, EN AW-7108, EN AW-7108A, EN AW-7020.

The temper designations used in this part are according to EN 515.

This standard only applies to tube produced by the tube porthole/bridge method.

This standard does not apply to:

- extruded tubes produced by the seamless, die/mandrel method (EN 755-7),
- tubes delivered in coils (prEN 13957),
- coiled tubes cut to length (prEN 13957).

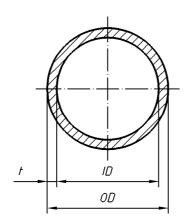


Figure 1 — Round tube



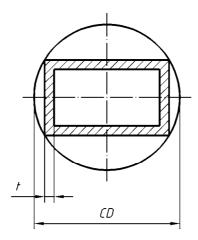


Figure 2 — Circumscribing circle for other than round tube

2 Tolerances on dimensions

2.1 General

When outside diameter OD, inside diameter ID, and wall thickness t (or their equivalent dimensions in other than round tube) are all specified, standard tolerances shall apply to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three. As a result, the purchaser shall only state two nominal dimensions on any given order.

2.2 Diameter - Round tube

Mean diameter is defined as the average of two diameter measurements taken at right angles to each other at any position along the length.

The tolerances on diameter are specified in Table 1.



Table 1 — Tolerances on diameter for round tube

Dimensions in millimetres

Dian	neter	Tol	Tolerance on diameter					
	or ID)	Maximum allowable deviation	Maximum allowable deviation of diameter at any point from specified diameter ^a					
Over	Up to and including	of mean diameter from specified diameter ^f	Non-annealed and non heat treated tube ^b	Heat treated tube ^c	Annealed tube ^d			
≥ 8	18	± 0,25 ^e	± 0,40 ^e	± 0,60 ^e	± 1,5 ^e			
18	30	± 0,30	± 0,50	± 0,70	± 1,8			
30	50	± 0,35	± 0,60	± 0,90	± 2,2			
50	80	± 0,40	± 0,70	± 1,1	± 2,6			
80	120	± 0,60	± 0,90	± 1,4	± 3,6			
120	200	± 0,90	± 1,4	± 2,0	± 5,0			
200	350	± 1,4	± 1,9	± 3,0	± 7,6			
350	450	± 1,9	± 2,8	± 4,0	± 10,0			

^a Not applicable to tubes having a wall thickness less than 2,5 % of the specified outside diameter. The tolerance for tubes with wall thickness less than 2,5 % of the specified outside diameter shall be determined by multiplying the applicable tolerance as follows:

2.3 Width, depth or width across flats - squares, rectangles, hexagons, octagons

The tolerances on width, depth or width across flats are specified in Table 2.

⁻ wall thickness over 2,0 % up to and including 2,5 % of outside diameter : 1,5 x tolerance;

⁻ wall thickness over 1,5 % up to and including 2,0 % of outside diameter : 2,0 x tolerance;

⁻ wall thickness over 1,0 % up to and including 1,5 % of outside diameter : 3,0 x tolerance;

⁻ wall thickness over 0,5 % up to and including 1,0 % of outside diameter : 4,0 x tolerance.

Applies to all alloys in F or H112 tempers.

Applies to all alloys in T4, T5, T6, T64, T66 and Tx511 tempers.

d Applies to all alloys in O, H111 and Tx510 tempers.

^e This tolerance applies for outside diameter only, i.e. tube in this size range can only be specified as "Outside Diameter x Wall Thickness".

Not applicable to Tx510 or Tx511 tempers.



Table 2 — Tolerances on width, depth or width across flats

Dimensions in millimetres

								AITHORNOIGHO I	11 111111111111111111111111111111111111
•	depth or dth		Tolerances on width, depth or width across flats a b						
	s flats	<i>CD</i> ≤ 10	00	100 <	<i>CD</i> ≤ 200	200 <	<i>CD</i> ≤ 300	300 < 0	<i>D</i> ≤ 350
Over	Up to and including	Column I	Column II	Column I	Column II	Column I	Column II	Column I	Column II
-	10	± 0,25	± 0,40	± 0,30	± 0,50	± 0,35	± 0,55	± 0,40	± 0,60
10	25	± 0,30	± 0,50	± 0,40	± 0,70	± 0,50	± 0,80	± 0,60	± 0,90
25	50	± 0,50	± 0,80	± 0,60	± 0,90	± 0,80	± 1,0	± 0,90	± 1,2
50	100	± 0,70	± 1,0	± 0,90	± 1,2	± 1,1	± 1,3	± 1,3	± 1,6
100	150	-	-	± 1,1	± 1,5	± 1,3	± 1,7	± 1,5	± 1,8
150	200	-	-	± 1,3	± 1,9	± 1,5	± 2,2	± 1,8	± 2,4
200	300	-	-	-	-	± 1,7	± 2,5	± 2,1	± 2,8
300	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	± 2,8	± 3,5

^a Not applicable to tubes having a wall thickness less than 2,5 % of the specified outside width, depth or width across flats. The tolerance for tubes with wall thickness less than 2,5 % of the specified width, depth or width across flats shall be determined by multiplying the applicable tolerance as follows:

2.4 Wall thickness variation (eccentricity)

The tolerances on wall thickness variation (eccentricity) for round tubes are specified in Table 3 and wall thickness variation for other than round tubes in Table 4.

⁻ wall thickness over 2,0 % up to and including 2,5 % of outside parameter : 1,5 x tolerance;

⁻ wall thickness over 1,5 % up to and including 2,0 % of outside parameter : 2,0 x tolerance;

⁻ wall thickness over 1,0 % up to and including 1,5 % of outside parameter : 3,0 x tolerance;

⁻ wall thickness over 0,5 % up to and including 1,0 % of outside parameter : 4,0 x tolerance.

These tolerances do not apply to tempers O and Tx510. For these tempers the tolerances shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser.

Column I is applicable to alloys mentioned in Clause 1 with exception of the alloys indicated in footnote d) of the table.

Column II is applicable to the following alloys: EN AW-5051A, EN AW-5251, EN AW-5049, EN AW-5052, EN AW-6110A, EN AW-6012, EN AW -6018, EN AW-6351, EN AW-6061, EN AW-6262, EN AW-6081, EN AW-6082, EN AW-7003, EN AW-7005, EN AW-7108, EN AW-7108A, EN AW-7020.



	Nominal wall thickness t mm		variation (eccentricity)		
Over	Up to and including	For <i>OD</i> < 150	For <i>OD</i> ≥ 150 and < 300	For <i>OD</i> ≥ 300	
-	3	±7	± 9	± 11	
3	5	± 6	± 8	± 10	
5	-	± 5	± 7	± 9	

NOTE Round tube dimensions can be expressed in three different ways i.e. outside diameter $(OD) \times$ wall thickness (t), inside diameter $(ID) \times t$ (where t is the nominal wall thickness) and $OD \times ID$. Depending of the way of ordering the tube the values in Table 3 should be understood as follows (see Annex A for further explanation):

- for tubes specified as *OD* x t or *ID* x t the values are allowable variation at any point,
- for tubes specified as *OD* x *ID* the above values are allowable variation from the calculated mean wall thickness.

Table 4 — Tolerances on wall thickness for other than round tubes

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal wa	lominal wall thickness		olerances on	wall thicknes	s for circumsc	ribing circle C	D	
i	t	CD ≤	100	100 < 0	CD ≤ 300	300 < 0	300 < <i>CD</i> ≤ 350	
Over	Up to and including	Column I	Column II	Column I	Column II	Column I	Column II	
≥ 0,5	1,5	± 0,20	± 0,30	± 0,30	± 0,40	-	-	
1,5	3	± 0,25	± 0,35	± 0,40	± 0,50	± 0,60	± 0,70	
3	6	± 0,40	± 0,55	± 0,60	± 0,70	± 0,80	± 0,90	
6	10	± 0,60	± 0,75	± 0,80	± 1,0	± 1,0	± 1,2	
10	15	± 0,80	± 1,0	± 1,0	± 1,3	± 1,2	± 1,5	
15	20	± 1,2	± 1,5	± 1,5	± 1,8	± 1,7	± 2,0	
20	30	± 1,5	± 1,8	± 1,8	± 2,2	± 2,0	± 2,5	
30	40	-	-	± 2,0	± 2,5	± 2,0	± 3,0	

^a Column I is applicable to alloy mentioned under Clause 1 with exception of the alloys indicated in footnote b of the table.

2.5 Length

If fixed lengths are to be supplied, this shall be stated in the order document. The fixed length tolerances are specified in Table 5.

^b Column II is applicable for the following alloys: EN AW-5051A, EN AW-5251, EN AW-5049, EN AW-5052, EN AW-6110A, EN AW-6012, EN AW -6018, EN AW-6351, EN AW-6061, EN AW-6262, EN AW-6081, EN AW-6082, EN AW-7003, EN AW-7108, EN AW-7108A, EN AW-7020.



Table 5 — Tolerances on fixed length

Dimensions in millimetres

					Dillion	Sions in millimetres
diam	liameter or eter of ribing circle	Tolerances on fixed length				
Over	Up to and including	L≤2000	2 000 < <i>L</i> ≤ 5 000	5 000 < <i>L</i> ≤ 10 000	10 000 < <i>L</i> ≤ 15 000	15 000 < <i>L</i> ≤ 25 000
≥ 8	100	+5 0	+7 0	+10 0	+16 0	+ 22 0
100	200	+7 0	+9 0	+12 0	+18 0	+ 24 0
200	450	+8	+11	+14 0	+ 20 0	+ 28 0

If no fixed length is specified in the order document, porthole tubes may be delivered in random length. The length range and the tolerances on the random length shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser.

2.6 Squareness of cut ends

The squareness of cut ends shall be within half of the fixed-length tolerance range specified in Table 5 for both fixed and random length (e.g. for a fixed length tolerance of $^{+10}_{0}$ mm, the squareness of cut ends shall be within 5 mm).

3 Tolerances on form

3.1 General

Tolerances on forms for O and Tx510 tempers shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser.

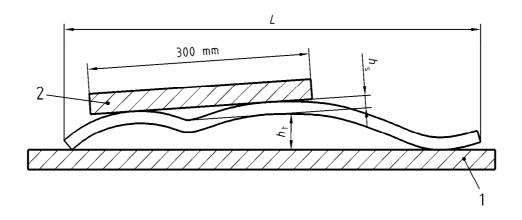
3.2 Straightness

Deviations from straightness, h_s and h_t , shall be measured as shown in Figure 3 with the tube placed on a horizontal base plate so that its mass decreases the deviation.

The straightness tolerances of round tubes are specified in Table 6 (The straightness tolerance h_t applies to the whole length, e.g. for a length of 6 m the maximum deviation from straightness h_t is the value given in the table multiplied by 6 m).

The straightness tolerance h_t of other than round tubes shall not exceed 1,5 mm/m length. Local deviations h_s from straightness shall not exceed 0,6 mm/300 mm length.





Key

- 1 base plate
- 2 straight edge

Figure 3 — Measurement of the deviation from straightness

Table 6 — Straightness tolerances of round tube

Dimensions in millimetres

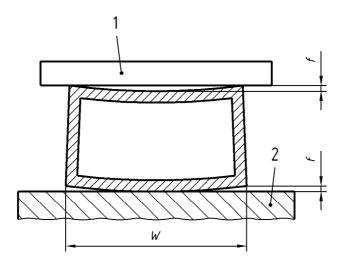
			Diffictionoris in millimetros
Outside diameter		Maximum deviation from straightness	Maximum localised kink
Over	Up to and including	per metre length h _t /length mm/m	in any 300 mm portion $h_{\rm S}$
≥ 8	150	1,5	0,8
150	250	2,5	1,3
250	450	3,5	1,8

The straightness tolerances for tubes having a wall thickness less than 1,5 % of the specified outside diameter shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser.

3.3 Convexity-Concavity

The convexity-concavity of other than round tube shall be measured as shown in Figure 4. The convexity-concavity tolerances are specified in Table 7.





Key

- 1 straight edge
- 2 base plate

Figure 4 — Measurement of convexity-concavity

Table 7 — Convexity-Concavity tolerances

Dimensions in millimetres

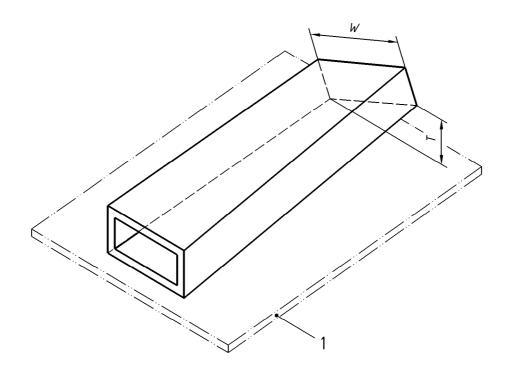
Width W		Maximum allowable deviation f	
Over	Up to and including	Wall thickness ≤ 5	Wall thickness > 5
-	30	0,30	0,20
30	60	0,40	0,30
60	100	0,60	0,40
100	150	0,90	0,60
150	200	1,2	0,80
200	350	1,8	1,2

3.4 Twist

Twist T shall be measured as shown in Figure 5 by placing the tube on a flat base plate, the tube resting under its own mass and measuring the maximum distance at any point along the length between the bottom surface of the tube and the base plate surface.

Twist tolerances are specified in Table 8 as a function of the width W and the length L of the tube.





Key

1 base plate

Figure 5 — Measurement of twist

Table 8 — Twist tolerances

Dimensions in millimetres

Width W		Twist tolerance T			
VVIG	vviatn <i>w</i>		On tota	I tube length ${\it L}$	
Over	Up to and including	per 1 000 mm of length ^a	up to and including 6 000	over 6 000	
≥ 10	30	1,2	2,5	3,0	
30	50	1,5	3,0	4,0	
50	100	2,0	3,5	5,0	
100	200	2,5	5,0	7,0	
200	350	2,5	6,0	8,0	

^a Twist tolerances for lengths less than 1 000 mm shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser

3.5 Angularity

The deviation from square of square and rectangular tubes shall be measured as shown in Figure 6. The maximum allowable deviation from square is specified in Table 9 as a function of tube depth *B*. In case of rectangular tubes, the tolerance on squareness shall apply to the shorter side of the tube.



The maximum allowable deviation in an angle other than a right angle (hexagonal tubes, octagonal tubes) shall be included within the width across flats tolerances, see Table 2.

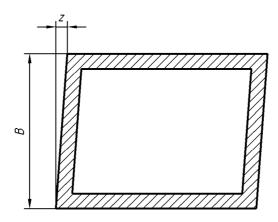


Figure 6 — Measurement of deviation from square

Table 9 — Squareness tolerances for square and rectangular tubes

Dimensions in millimetres

		Differsions in millimetres
Depth B		Maximum allowable deviation Z
Over	Up to and including	from square
-	30	0,4
30	50	0,7
50	80	1,0
80	120	1,4
120	180	2,0
180	240	2,6
240	350	3,1

3.6 Corner and fillet radii

Sharp corners and fillet radii may be slightly rounded unless otherwise indicated on the drawing. The maximum allowable radii are specified in Table 10.

When a corner or fillet radius is specified the maximum allowable deviation from the specified radius is given in Table 11.



Table 10 — Maximum allowable corner and fillet radii

Dimensions in millimetres

Wall thickness	Maximum allowable corner and fillet radii
≤ 5	0,8
> 5	1,5

Table 11 — Maximum allowable deviation from specified corner and fillet radii

Specified radius mm	Maximum allowable deviation from nominal value of the radius
≤ 5	± 0,5 mm
> 5	± 10 %

3.7 Depth of dents for round tube

It is recognised in certain applications that the depth of surface dents can be an important factor particularly for round tube with large diameter to wall thickness ratios. In such cases the maximum allowable depth of dents shall be subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser.



Annex A (informative)

Wall thickness variation (eccentricity)

A.1 General

Wall thickness variation tolerances for round tube can be the source of a lot of confusion. In particular as to whether quoted values are based on the nominal or mean wall thickness. This present section is included in the standard to provide some guidelines as to when each of these possibilities is more appropriate.

A.2 Specifying round tube sizes and tolerances

A.2.1 General

It is evident that round tube dimensions can be expressed in three different ways i.e. outside diameter $(OD) \times W$ wall thickness (t), inside diameter $(ID) \times t$ (where t is the nominal wall thickness) and $OD \times ID$. Since all three dimensions interact in any given size tube, it is only possible to apply tolerances to any two of the parameters depending on which are the most important for the application of the tube in question. The choice of the dimensional parameters has a very significant effect on how the wall thickness variation is expressed.

The method of measuring wall thickness t is the same whether the given tube is specified as $OD \times t$, $ID \times t$ or $OD \times ID$ and is shown in Figure A.1.The tube wall thickness is measured around the circumference of the tube and the maximum (t_{max}) and minimum (t_{min}) values established.

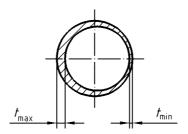


Figure A.1 — Minimum and maximum values of the tube wall thickness

A.2.2 Wall thickness variation for tubes specified as $OD \times t$ or $ID \times t$

For tube that is specified as either $OD \times t$ or $ID \times t$, the nominal wall thickness t can be used as the basis for calculating and expressing the wall thickness variation tolerance. The tolerance can be expressed as the difference (in millimetres) between the maximum and minimum values permissible for the tube i.e. at any point, maximum wall thickness variation, deviation or concentricity:

$$t_{\text{max}} - t_{\text{min}}$$
 in mm (A.1)

Alternatively, the difference can be expressed as a percentage of the nominal wall thickness which is normally divided by two to give a plus and minus tolerance. This percentage is normally expressed on a \pm basis as follows:



$$\frac{t_{\text{max}} - t_{\text{min}}}{2 t} \times 100 \% \tag{A.2}$$

A.2.3 Wall thickness variation for tubes specified as $OD \times ID$

In the case of tubes specified as $OD \times ID$, there is no nominal wall thickness available to allow the same method of wall thickness variation calculation as that described in A.2.2. As a result, it is necessary to use the measured t_{max} and t_{min} values to give a wall thickness difference which is then used to calculate a percentage of the mean wall thickness.

$$\frac{t_{\text{max}} - t_{\text{min}}}{\left(t_{\text{max}} + t_{\text{min}}\right)/2} \times 100 \% \tag{A.3}$$

This value may then be divided by two to give a plus/minus value for the tolerance.



Bibliography

- [1] EN 515, Aluminium and aluminium alloys Wrought products Temper designations
- [2] EN 755-7, Aluminium and aluminium alloys Extruded rod/bar, tube and profiles Part 7: Seamless tubes, tolerances on dimensions and form
- [3] prEN 13957, Aluminium and aluminium alloys Extruded round, coiled tube for general applications Specification





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